

STEM/STEAM

Garden to Vase

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## Garden to Vase



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## **Background:**

Ikebana, the traditional Japanese art of flower arrangement, is very different from Western styles. Rather than aiming for fullness or symmetry, ikebana focuses on **simplicity**, **space**, **and natural form**. Arrangements are designed to be viewed from one direction—often in a **tokonoma**, a small decorative alcove in a Japanese home—and they emphasize **line**, **balance**, **and seasonality** using branches, greens, and even berries.

A central idea in ikebana is **ten-chi-jin** (heaven, earth, and human), which reflects the harmony between nature and people. The tallest stem represents heaven, the lowest stem represents earth, and the middle stem represents humanity. Ikebana often uses **asymmetry**, such as a scalene triangle, to express natural energy and beauty. This reflects the Japanese belief that there is **beauty in imperfection and change**, and that even bent or broken branches can carry meaning.

Students will gather materials from our food forest and learn to create arrangements that reflect both **nature's form and their creativity**. This project encourages a deeper appreciation for Japanese culture, natural beauty, and the quiet power of resilience.

#### Goals:

1. **To develop an appreciation for Japanese culture** by exploring the traditional art of ikebana and understanding how it reflects harmony, simplicity, and respect for nature.

- 2. **To foster a connection with the natural environment** through hands-on exploration and collection of plant materials from the surrounding area.
- 3. To encourage observation, creativity, and aesthetic sensitivity by guiding students to notice shape, texture, space, and line in natural forms.
- 4. **To promote mindfulness, patience, and personal reflection** by engaging students in a calm, focused activity that values imperfection and resilience.
- 5. **To integrate learning across subjects**, combining elements of art, science, and cultural studies in a meaningful, student-centered experience.

## **Objectives:**

By the end of this project, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand cultural differences between Japanese and Western flower arrangements, particularly the values of asymmetry, simplicity, and natural form in ikebana.
- 2. Recognize and apply the concept of *ten-chi-jin* (heaven-earth-human) to create meaningful, balanced floral compositions.
- 3. Explore and collect natural materials from their surroundings (e.g., branches, leaves, berries) and use them thoughtfully in an ikebana-inspired arrangement.
- 4. Identify basic plant parts (such as stems, leaves, flowers, and buds) and learn the names of local plants, thereby enhancing their observation and classification skills.

- 5. Demonstrate artistic and spatial awareness by designing an arrangement that reflects harmony, intentionality, and seasonality.
- 6. Practice mindfulness and reflection, learning to find beauty in imperfection and value resilience in both nature and themselves.
- 7. Express personal creativity while connecting with Japanese cultural traditions and aesthetic values.

#### Standards:

#### Florida Science Standards

SC.1.L.14.2 (Grade 1): Identify the major parts of plants, including stem, roots, leaves, and flowers.

SC.3.L.14.1 (Grade 3): Describe structures in plants and their roles in food production, support, water and nutrient transport, and reproduction.

#### Florida Math Standards: Measurement & Data

MA.2.M.1.1 (Grade 2): Estimate and measure the length of an object to the nearest inch, centimeter, etc., using appropriate tools (ruler or tape measure).

MA.2.M.1.2 (Grade 2): Measure the lengths of two

MA.2.M.1.2 (Grade 2): Measure the lengths of two objects using the same unit and determine the difference between them.

#### Florida Visual Arts Standards

✓ Elementary (K–5)

**VA.A.1.1 – Skills & Techniques:** Students learn to use a variety of media, tools, and processes to depict work from observation and imagination.

**VA.B.1.1 – Creation & Communication:** Students use the elements of art and principles of design to communicate ideas and interpret visual symbols, including those from diverse cultural traditions.

#### **Overview:**

Grade Level: Any Grade Level

Time Frame: Approximately 3–5 class sessions (can be adjusted

based on depth of study)

#### **Subjects Integrated:**

Visual Arts

- Social Studies (Japanese Culture)
- Science (Plant Parts & Observation)
- Math (Measurement)
- ELA (Reflection and Vocabulary)6

## **Project Outline**

#### 1. Introduction to Ikebana

- Teacher presentation or video on the history and philosophy of Ikebana
- Discussion of key concepts:
  - Simplicity and asymmetry
  - The symbolic structure of **Ten-Chi-Jin** (Heaven-Earth-Human)
  - o Use of natural, imperfect, and seasonal materials

Placement in a tokonoma (alcove)

#### 2. Nature Walk & Plant Collection

- Students explore the school's garden or food forest to collect materials:
  - Leaves, stems, branches, flowers, berries
- Students observe and identify plant parts (science connection)

Optional: Sketch and label plant findings in journals

#### 3. Measuring & Planning

- Students measure and compare plant materials
- Introduction to spatial design using a scalene triangle and natural posture
- Students sketch arrangement plans and decide placement based on shape and balance

#### 4. Ikebana Creation

- Students assemble their arrangements using collected materials
- Use of small containers, floral foam, pebbles, or improvised kenzan
- Emphasis on mindfulness, simplicity, and creative choice

#### 5. Reflection & Presentation

- Students explain their design and plant choices
- Optional: Write short reflections on imperfection, resilience, or cultural learning
- Display arrangements in the classroom or shared space with brief descriptions

# Universal Lesson Plan: Japanese Ikebana Project

Lesson Title: Garden to Vase

#### **Grade Level:**

Adaptable (Elementary – Middle School)

#### **Duration:**

3–5 class periods (30–45 minutes each)

#### **Subjects Integrated:**

Visual Arts, Social Studies, Science, Math, Language Arts

#### **Objectives**

By the end of this project, students will be able to:

- 1. Understand the cultural and artistic values of Japanese Ikebana.
- 2. Identify and name basic parts of a plant (leaf, stem, bud, flower).
- 3. Apply principles of design (line, space, asymmetry) in their own arrangements.
- 4. Measure plant materials using standard tools (ruler or tape).
- 5. Reflect on the concept of imperfection and resilience through nature.

#### **Standards Addressed**

- Art: VA.A.1.1, VA.B.1.1, VA.C.1.1
- Science: SC.1.L.14.2 or SC.3.L.14.1
- Math: MA.2.M.1.1 or MA.2.M.1.2
- ELA (optional): Writing reflections, labeling, and journaling

#### **Procedure with Timing**

#### **■ Day 1: Introduction & Nature Walk (45–60 minutes)**

#### 1. Introduction to Ikebana (15–20 min)

- Show visuals or video about Japanese ikebana.
- Discuss cultural values: simplicity, asymmetry, Ten-Chi-Jin (Heaven-Earth-Human).
- Compare with Western floral design.

#### 2. Nature Walk & Plant Collection (25-30 min)

- Students collect leaves, twigs, and natural materials.
- Optional: Sketch findings or label parts.

## **■ Day 2: Observation, Plant ID, & Design Planning (45 minutes)**

#### 1. Plant Part Identification (15–20 min)

- Identify stem, leaf, bud, and flower parts.
- Draw and label in journals.

#### 2. Measuring & Planning (20–25 min)

- Measure lengths of materials.
- Sketch design using the Ten-Chi-Jin triangle.
- Prepare containers with scotch tape grids.

#### **■ Day 3: Create Ikebana Arrangement (45 minutes)**

#### 1. Demonstration & Setup (10–15 min)

- Show how to use the tape grid and place stems.
- Emphasize asymmetry, space, and natural posture.

#### 2. Student Work Time (25-30 min)

- Students create their arrangements mindfully.
- Walk around to support and ask reflection questions.

#### 3. Clean-Up & Gallery Walk (5-10 min)

- Students place arrangements for display.
- Quick peer-to-peer viewing and appreciation.

#### **Materials Needed**

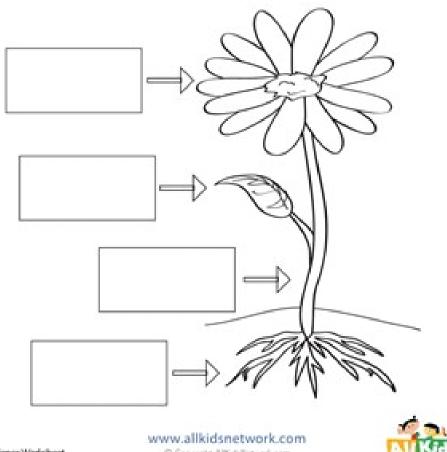
- Containers: small cups, jars, or recycled items (like yogurt containers or tea tins)
- Scotch tape: to make a tic-tac-toe—style grid over the opening of containers for stem support
- Plant materials: collected from outdoors or the school's food forest
  - Leaves, twigs, branches, grasses, flowers, berries, etc.
- Scissors or small clippers (child-safe if needed)
- Rulers or measuring tapes (for measuring plant materials)
- Paper and pencils (for sketching, journaling, or planning designs)
- Labels or plant ID cards (optional, for plant identification and science tie-in)
- **Book**: Ikebana: Create Beautiful Flower Arrangements with This Traditional Japanese Art (Asian Arts and Crafts for Creative Kids)
- Pitcher of water or access to a sink for filling containers and keeping arrangements fresh

#### Worksheets Samples

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### Parts of a Plant

Color in the flower. Then cut and paste the correct word to each part of the plant.



Science Worksheet

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leaf

root

stem

flower

Ikebana Design Planning Sheet	
Name:	Date:
Sketch your arrangement b is:	<b>elow.</b> Try to show which part
<ul><li>Heaven (tallest)</li><li>Earth (lowest)</li><li>Human (middle)</li></ul>	
[Insert blank box for sketching	<b>a</b> ]
Checklist:	
Optional Notes:	
Measurement Practice Sheet	
Namo	Dato:

Plant Description

Estimated Length (cm)

Actual Length (cm)

#### **Bonus Questions:**

- Which item was longest?
- Which was shortest?